

▼M3

ANNEX II

Model animal and public health certificate for meat preparations intended for consignment to the European Community from third countries

COUNTRY				Veterinary certificate to EU				
Part I: Details of dispatched consignment	I.1. Consignor Name Address Tel.:				I.2. Certificate reference number		I.2.a.	
					I.3. Central competent authority			
					I.4. Local competent authority			
	I.5. Consignee Name Address Postal code Tel.:				I.6.			
	I.7. Country of origin		ISO code					
	I.9. Country of destination		ISO code		I.10. Region of destination		Code	
	I.11. Place of origin Name Address Approval number				I.12.			
	I.13. Place of loading							
	I.14. Date of departure				I.16. Entry BIP in EU			
	I.15. Means of transport Aeroplane <input type="checkbox"/> Ship <input type="checkbox"/> Railway wagon <input type="checkbox"/> Road vehicle <input type="checkbox"/> Other <input type="checkbox"/> Identification: Documentary references:							
	I.17.				I.19. Commodity code (HS code)			
	I.18. Description of commodity							
	I.20. Quantity				I.22. Number of packages			
	I.21. Temperature of product Frozen <input type="checkbox"/>							
I.23. Identification of container/seal number				I.24. Type of packaging				
I.25. Commodities certified for: Human consumption <input type="checkbox"/>								
I.26.				I.27. For import or admission into EU <input type="checkbox"/>				
I.28. Identification of the commodities Approval number of establishments Species (Scientific name) Treatment type Abattoir Manufacturing plant Cold store Number of packages Net weight								



COUNTRY		Meat preparations: MP-PREP	
Part II: Certification	II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.
	<p>The meat preparations ⁽¹⁾ contains the following meat constituents and meet the criteria indicated below:</p> <p>Species (A) Origin (B)</p> <p>(A) Insert the code for the relevant species of meat contained in the meat preparations where BOV = domestic bovine animals (including <i>Bison</i> and <i>Bubalus species</i> and their crossbreeds); OVI = domestic sheep (<i>Ovis aries</i>) and goats (<i>Capra hircus</i>); EQU = domestic solipeds (<i>Equus caballus</i>, <i>Equus asinus</i> and their crossbreeds), POR = domestic animals belonging to the Suidae, Tayassuidae, or Tapiridae families; RAB = domestic rabbits, PFG = domestic poultry and farmed feathered game, RUF = farmed non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including <i>Bison</i> and <i>Bubalus species</i> and their cross-breeds), <i>Ovis aries</i>, <i>Capra hircus</i>, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae; RUW = wild non-domestic animals of the order Artiodactyla (excluding bovine animals (including <i>Bison</i> and <i>Bubalus species</i> and their cross-breeds), <i>Ovis aries</i>, <i>Capra hircus</i>, Suidae and Tayassuidae), and of the families Rhinocerotidae and Elephantidae; EQW = wild non-domestic solipeds belonging to the subgenus <i>Hippotigris</i> (Zebra), WLP = wild lagomorphs, WGB = wild game birds.</p> <p>(B) Insert the ISO code of the country of origin and, in the case of regionalization by Community legislation for the relevant meat constituents, the region.</p> <p>II.1. Public health attestation</p> <p>I, the undersigned official veterinarian, declare that I am aware of the relevant provisions of Regulations (EC) No 178/2002, (EC) No 852/2004, (EC) No 853/2004 and (EC) No 999/2001 and certify that the meat preparations described above were produced in accordance with those requirements, in particular that:</p> <p>II.1.1. they come from (an) establishment(s) implementing a programme based on the HACCP principles in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 852/2004;</p> <p>II.1.2. they have been produced from raw material which meets the requirements of Sections I to IV of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004; in particular that:</p> <p>II.1.2.1. ⁽²⁾ if obtained from domestic pig meat, this meat fulfills the requirements of Commission Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for <i>Trichinella</i> in meat, and in particular:</p> <p>⁽²⁾ either [has been subjected to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;]</p> <p>⁽²⁾ or [has been subjected to a freezing treatment in accordance with Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005;]</p> <p>⁽²⁾ or [in the case of meat from domestic swine kept solely for fattening and slaughter, comes from a holding or category of holdings that has been officially recognized by the competent authority as free from <i>Trichinella</i> in accordance with Annex IV to Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005;]</p> <p>II.1.2.2. ⁽²⁾ if obtained from horse meat or wild boar meat, this meat fulfills the requirements of Regulation (EC) No 2075/2005 laying down specific rules on official controls for <i>Trichinella</i> in meat, and in particular, has been subject to an examination by a digestion method with negative results;</p> <p>II.1.3. they have been produced in accordance with Section V of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004 and frozen to an internal temperature of not more than -18 °C;</p> <p>II.1.4. they have been marked with an identification mark in accordance with Section I of Annex II to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;</p> <p>II.1.5. the label(s) affixed on the packaging of meat preparations described above bear(s) a mark to the effect that the meat preparations come wholly from fresh meat from animals slaughtered in slaughterhouses approved for exporting to the European Community;</p> <p>II.1.6. they satisfy the relevant criteria set out in Regulation (EC) No 2073/2005 on microbiological criteria for foodstuffs;</p> <p>II.1.7. the guarantees covering live animals and products thereof provided by the residue plans submitted in accordance with Directive 96/23/EC, and in particular Article 29 thereof, are fulfilled;</p> <p>II.1.8. they have been stored and transported in accordance with the relevant requirements of Section V of Annex III to Regulation (EC) No 853/2004;</p>		



COUNTRY		Meat preparations: MP-PREP	
II. Health information	II.a. Certificate reference number	II.b.	
<p>►⁽²⁾ (2) II.1.9. If containing material from bovine, ovine or caprine animals, the meat preparation is subject to the following conditions depending on the BSE risk category of the country of origin:</p> <p>(2) <i>either</i> [(1) the country or region of dispatch is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a negligible BSE risk;</p> <p>(2) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;</p> <p>(2) <i>either</i> [(3) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived:</p> <p>(a) were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a negligible BSE risk;</p> <p>(2) [(b) have been slaughtered after stunning by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity;]]</p> <p>(2) <i>or</i> [(3) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have not been slaughtered, after stunning, by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity or killed by the same method or slaughtered by laceration after stunning of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity;]</p> <p>(4) the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin does not contain and is not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;</p> <p>(2) <i>either</i> [(5) the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin does not contain and is not derived from mechanically separated meat, obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and caprine animals;]</p> <p>(2) <i>or</i> [(5) the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin is derived from mechanically separated meat, obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and caprine animals which were born, continuously reared and slaughtered in a country or region classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a negligible BSE risk and in which there has been no BSE indigenous cases;]</p> <p>(2) [(6) (a) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, originate from a country or region classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing an undetermined BSE risk;</p> <p>(b) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have not been fed with meat-and-bone meal or greaves, as defined in the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) Terrestrial Animal Health Code, and</p> <p>(c) the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation was produced and handled in a manner which ensures that it did not contain and was not contaminated with nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process.]]</p> <p>(2) <i>or</i> [(1) the country or region of dispatch is classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC as a country or region posing a controlled BSE risk;</p> <p>(2) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;</p> <p>(3) the animals from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity;</p> <p>(4) the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin does not contain and is not derived from specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001, or mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and caprine animals.]]</p> <p>(2) <i>or</i> [(1) the country or region of dispatch has not been classified in accordance with Decision 2007/453/EC or is classified as a country or region with an undetermined BSE risk;</p> <p>(2) the animals, from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have passed ante mortem and post mortem inspections;</p> <p>(3) the animals from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have not been fed meat-and-bone meal or greaves derived from ruminants, as defined in the OIE Terrestrial Animal Health Code;</p> <p>(4) the animals from which the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin was derived, have not been killed, after stunning, by laceration of central nervous tissue by means of an elongated rod-shaped instrument introduced into the cranial cavity, or by means of gas injected into the cranial cavity;</p> <p>(5) the meat preparation of bovine, ovine and caprine origin does not contain and is not derived from:</p> <p>(a) specified risk material as defined in point 1 of Annex V to Regulation (EC) No 999/2001;</p> <p>(b) nervous and lymphatic tissues exposed during the deboning process;</p> <p>(c) mechanically separated meat obtained from bones of bovine, ovine and caprine animals.] ◀</p>			
<p>►⁽¹⁾ (2) II.1.10. If containing material from domestic solipeds, the fresh meat used in the preparation of the meat preparations:</p> <p><i>either</i> (2) [was obtained from domestic solipeds which immediately prior to slaughter had been kept for at least six months or since birth, if slaughtered at an age of less than six months, or since importation as food producing equidae from a Member State of the European Union, if imported less than six months prior to slaughter, in a third country:</p> <p>(a) in which the administration to domestic solipeds:</p> <p>(i) of thyrostatic substances, stilbenes, stilbene derivatives, their salts and esters, oestradiol 17β and its ester-like derivatives is prohibited;</p> <p>(ii) of other substances having oestrogenic, androgenic or gestagenic action and of beta-agonists is only allowed for:</p> <p>— therapeutic treatment as defined in Article 1(2)(b) of Directive 96/22/EC, where applied in conformity with Article 4(2) of that Directive, or</p> <p>— zootechnical treatment as defined in Article 1(2)(c) of Directive 96/22/EC, where applied in conformity with Article 5 of that Directive; and</p> <p>(b) which has had, at least during the six months prior to slaughter of the animals, a plan for the monitoring of the groups of residues and substances referred to in Annex I to Directive 96/23/EC which covers equidae born in and imported into the third country and was approved in accordance with the fourth subparagraph of Article 29(1) of Directive 96/23/EC;]]</p> <p><i>and/or</i> (2) [was imported from a Member State of the European Union.] ◀</p>			

► (1) M6

► (2) M7

